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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A line transition including comprising: a dielectric substrate;

a solid waveguide, the waveguide propagating electromagnetic waves within a three-dimensional space; and

a conductive pattern formed on the dielectric substrate, the conductive pattern including a coupled-line pattern segment electromagnetically coupled with the electromagnetic waves propagating through the waveguide and a transmission-line pattern segment extending from the coupled-line pattern segment a planar circuit to realize planar-circuit to waveguide transition, the solid waveguide propagating electromagnetic waves within a three-dimensional space, the planar circuit being constructed by forming a predetermined conductive pattern on a dielectric substrate, wherein

the dielectric substrate is disposed parallel to the <u>an</u> E plane of the solid waveguide in almost the middle of the solid waveguide, <u>and</u>

the conductive pattern on the dielectric substrate includes a coupled-line pattern segment electromagnetically coupled with a signal propagating through the solid waveguide and a transmission-line pattern segment extending from the coupled-line pattern segment, and

<u>an</u> the edge of the dielectric substrate has a notch in the vicinity of the coupled-line pattern segment, the notch having a side that is parallel to <u>a</u> the signal propagation direction of the coupled-line pattern segment, the length of the side being equal to or longer than the dimension in the <u>a</u> width direction of the E plane of the solid waveguide.

2. (original) A high frequency module including the line transition according to Claim 1.

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3. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a line transition including a solid waveguide and a planar circuit to realize planar-circuit to waveguide transition, the solid waveguide propagating electromagnetic waves within a three-dimensional space, the planar circuit being constructed by forming a predetermined conductive pattern on a dielectric substrate, the dielectric substrate being disposed parallel to an the E plane of the solid waveguide in substantially a almost the middle of the solid waveguide, the conductive pattern on the dielectric substrate including a coupled-line pattern segment electromagnetically coupled with the electromagnetic waves a signal propagating through the solid waveguide and a transmission-line pattern segment extending from the coupled-line pattern segment, an the edge of the dielectric substrate having a notch in a the vicinity of the coupled-line pattern segment, the notch having a side that is parallel to a the signal propagation direction of the coupled-line pattern segment, a the length of the side being equal to or longer than a the dimension in the width direction of the E plane of the solid waveguide, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a plurality of the conductive patterns in a ceramic green sheet;

forming and through holes in [[a]] the ceramic green sheet serving as a

motherboard such that each through hole is arranged in a the vicinity of a the

corresponding line coupled coupled-line pattern segment of the conductive pattern at a

predetermined spacing;

firing the ceramic green sheet to form a motherboard; and

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cutting the fired motherboard along lines passing through the through holes such that each through hole in the fired motherboard serves as the notch.

- 4. (new) The line transition according to claim 1, wherein the waveguide is a solid waveguide.
- 5. (new) The line transition according to claim 1, wherein the conductive pattern is a planar circuit which accomplishes planar-circuit to waveguide transition.
- 6. (new) The line transition according to claim 1, wherein the dielectric substrate is disposed in substantially a middle of the waveguide.